

מהו הפתרון של המשוואה הדיפרנציאלית הבאה, $y' = -\frac{ax+by}{bx+cy}$, כאשר $y(0)=1$.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{ax+by}{bx+cy} \Rightarrow (ax+by)dx + (bx+cy)dy = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} P_{(x,y)} = ax+by & \rightarrow \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = b \\ Q_{(x,y)} = bx+cy & \rightarrow \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = b \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} \Rightarrow \text{exact}$$

ע' דיפרנציאל מציג:

$$P(x,y)dx + Q(x,y)dy = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x}$$

תנאי מספיק:

$$\int_{x_0}^x P(x,y)dx + \int_{y_0}^y Q(x_0,y)dy = 0$$

$$\int_{x_0}^x (ax+by)dx + \int_{y_0}^y (bx_0+cy)dy = 0$$

$$\left[\frac{ax^2}{2} + byx \right]_{x_0}^x + \left[bx_0y + \frac{cy^2}{2} \right]_{y_0}^y = 0$$

$$\frac{ax^2}{2} + byx - \frac{ax_0^2}{2} - byx_0 + bx_0y + \frac{cy^2}{2} - bx_0y_0 - \frac{cy_0^2}{2} = 0$$

$$ax^2 + 2bxy - ax_0^2 + cy^2 - 2bx_0y_0 - cy_0^2 = 0$$

$$ax^2 + 2bxy + cy^2 = C$$

$$C = ax_0^2 + 2bx_0y_0 + cy_0^2$$

$$y(0) = 1 \Rightarrow a \cdot 0^2 + 2b \cdot 0 \cdot y + c \cdot 1^2 = C \Rightarrow c = C$$

$$ax^2 + 2bxy + cy^2 = c$$